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CARI Project



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WEST YORKSHIRE
POLICE

The bid

'An evidence-based approach to fighting cybercrime from the frontline: improving the effectiveness and efficiency of investigating cyber enabled crime'

Aiming to investigate and improve police response and capability for cybercrime and digital evidence

Steering Group:



WEST YORKSHIRE
POLICE



College of
Policing



CENTRIC
CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE IN TERRORISM,
RESILIENCE, INTELLIGENCE & ORGANISED
CRIME RESEARCH

Structure

Starting with a needs assessment

Research training

Research workstream project selection

Nine workstreams

- Automated forensic analysis
- Image linkage for victim identification and framework for image fingerprint management
- Automated grooming detection
- Frontline officer awareness development and decision support mobile app
- Assessment of methods of cyber training
- Framework for seizure, preservation and preservation of cloud evidence
- An evaluation of the role of the Digital Media Investigator within WYP
- Characteristics of victims of cybercrime
- Broadcast media artefacts

Outcomes: Technical and software

Advances in digital forensics analysis approaches

Improvements to the use of image processing for digital forensics (SPN) to match photos to seized camera devices

Automated chat log processing for grooming detection

A mobile app for front-line police for training and decision support

Outcomes: Improved understanding

Best practice guidelines and procedures for the police force making use of technologies

Needs assessment results of WYP in terms of cybercrime and digital investigation

Statistical insights into classes of victims of cybercrime

An evaluation of the role of Digital Media Investigators

An assessment of styles of cybercrime training within WYP

Needs Assessment

Aims

Police face many challenges dealing with cybercrime

Analysed the cyber-investigation lifecycle: from the experience of the public when reporting cybercrime to call takers, through to the attending officers, officer(s) in charge, and the many units and roles involved in supporting cybercrime investigations

Documented the current state of policing cybercrime in a UK police force

Results

Thanks to an openness to the need for improvement, the focus groups and interviews produced data that identified a large number of issues within the force...

With practical needs that can be addressed to mitigate those issues.

A total of **125 needs** were identified

Our needs assessment report presents a detailed summary results from each of the cohorts, and a force-wide thematic analysis of needs.

Common themes identified include:

- Knowledge/training
- Communication
- Recording
- Software
- Roles
- Governance
- Procedures
- Resources
- Consistency
- Staffing
- National input
- Face-to-face
- Interactions with the public
- New capabilities
- Triage

Frontline officer awareness development and decision support mobile app

Developed an Android app to assist front-line officers

User participatory design:

- Focus groups and input from: Front-Line Officers / Safeguarding; DFU; Cyber Crime Team (CCT); Central Authorities Bureau (CAB); Telecom Unit
- Input on requirements: Legislation, and Policies / Procedures; and app design

Development of animated training videos

Captures evidence and notes at the scene (including Wi-Fi and Bluetooth), which are not currently captured by forces

Provides structured guidance for preservation of digital evidence and contact details

Evaluation: simulated seizure, measuring usability, confidence and correct selection of devices to seize

- Statistically significant improvements to seizure accuracy
- Acceptable usability

Linking images to source camera devices

Forces would benefit from a method to link digital pictures to the source camera devices

Sensor Pattern Noise (SPN) can be used as a Digital Fingerprint to link images to cameras, yet is under-utilised by forces

- Natural imperfections in the silicon chip and different sensitivity of pixels to light
- SPN created by one sensor is different to other imaging sensors
- Can differentiate between sensors from same model

SPN algorithm improvements

- A less lossy algorithm, that was shown to improve accuracy of results
- Evaluated against state-of-the-art SPN, using image datasets

Development into a software tool available to forces, with procedures and user guide

Installed and evaluated in WYP Digital Forensics Unit (DFU)

